

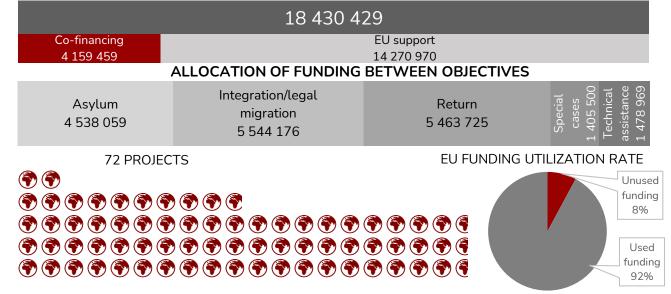


EX-POST EVALUATION

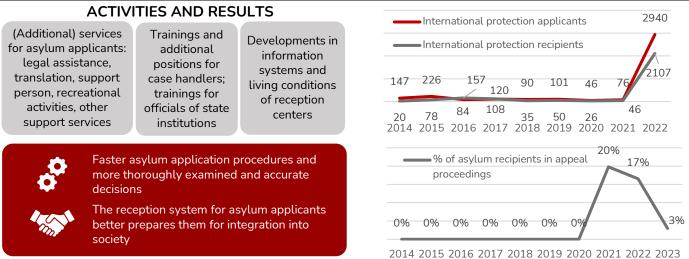
OF ASYLUM, MIGRATION AND INTEGRATION FUND 2014-2020

FUND OBJECTIVE¹: to contribute to the effective management of migration flows, and to help implement, strengthen and develop the common asylum, complementary or temporary protection policy, and the common migration policy

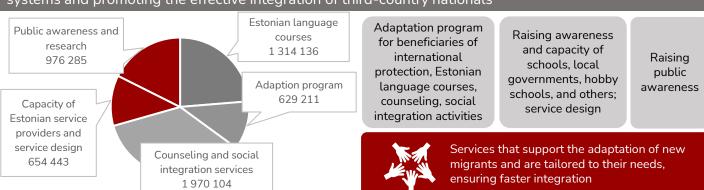
FUND FINANCING IN EUROS



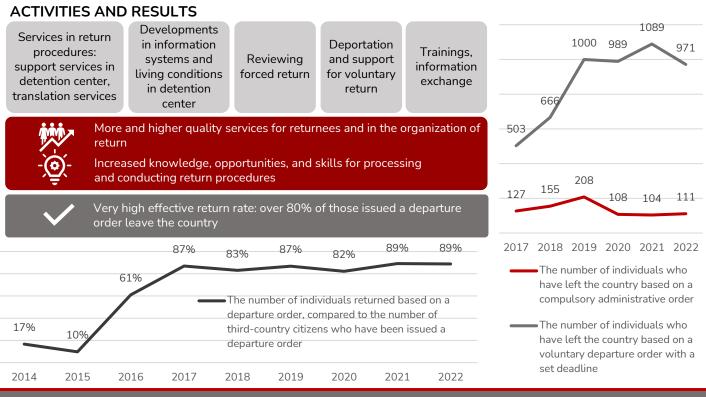
ASYLUM – strengthening and developing all aspects of the common asylum system, including its external dimension



INTEGRATION - supporting migration to the Member States in line with their economic and social needs, such as labor market requirements, while ensuring the integrity of the Member States' immigration systems and promoting the effective integration of third-country nationals



RETURN - promoting fair and effective return strategies that help combat illegal migration, focusing primarily on the sustainability of returns and the effective readmission to countries of origin and transit



SPECIAL CASES - resettlement of vulnerable groups, relocation from Italy and Greece, and reception from Turkey

	Relocation or resettlement subgroup	Number of people
213 international protection applicants and beneficiaries were relocated, resettled, and received.	Resettlement of vulnerable groups – Syrian refugees	27
	Relocation from Greece (2015/1523, 2015/1601)	141
	Relocation from Italy (2015/1601)	6
	Reception from Turkey (2016/1754)	39

FUND EVALUATION CRITERIA

Impact	Quantitative impact assessment is not possible.		
Effectiveness	\checkmark	Relevance	\checkmark
Efficiency	\checkmark	EU added value	\checkmark
Sustainability	\checkmark	Coherence and mutual complementarity	\checkmark

RECOMMENDATIONS

- ^Q The European Commission and the Responsible Authority should specify the system for measuring outputs, results, and impacts for future assessments, and based on this, design a comprehensive data collection system, aligned with the national program, to improve the evaluation of the fund's effectiveness and impact.
- Q Beneficiaries and the Responsible Authority should review and enhance preventive measures, considering the potential risk of information loss due to staff turnover, in order to ensure effective management.
- Beneficiaries should better account for the time allocated for project management when planning their projects.
- A minimum threshold should be set for financial correction decisions to avoid situations where the administrative burden of processing minor violations exceeds the recovery amount for the beneficiary and the responsible authority.

FUND REGULATION

¹Regulation (EU) No 516/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 establishing the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund, amending Council Decision 2008/381/EC and repealing Decisions No 573/2007/EC and No 575/2007/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Council Decision 2007/435/EC